Vol. XXVI No. 7,934.

N Y. S. VOLUNTEER INSTITUTE.

Letter directed to H. T. HELMBOLD, Droggist, recommending his FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU.

BED WETTING IN CHILDREN. T. HETMBOLD, No. 594 Broadway, N. Y.

of the children, and hoping others may be alike benefited, I am, COL. YOUNG.



DR. KEYSER IS A PHYSICIAN OF OVER THIRTY YEARS ience, and a graduate of the Jefferson Medical College, and of



MR. H. T. HELMBOLD-DRAN SIR: In regard to the question



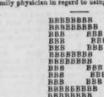
ment of any preparation of that plant at all equal to yours. Twelve years' trial ought, I think, to give me the right to judge of its



red with it, more diseases of the bladder and kidneys tha ver seen cored with any other Buchu, or any other proprietary nd, of whatever name. Respectfully yours, &c., GEO. H. KEYSER, M. D.,

t 11, 1865. No. 140 Wood st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
A CASE OF TWENTY YEARS' STANDING.
PHILADRIPHIA, Penn., February 25, 1865.

gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent physicians, experiencing but little relief.



I did this because I had used all kinds of advertised remedies Bad found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I de-scaired of ever gotting well, and determined to use no remedice here-after unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubebs, and jumiper berries, it occurred to me and my physi-cian as an excellent combination, and, with his advice, after an examinstion of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room.

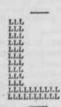


From the first hottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficia effect, and efter using it three weeks was able to walk out. I felt smuch like writing you a full statement of my case at the time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and, therefore, concluded to defer and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing then it would be of greater value to you and more astisfactory to n I AM NOW ABLE TO REPORT THAT A CURE IS EFFECTED AFTER

TRING THE REMEDT FOR FIVE MONTHS.

I HATE NOT USED ANY NOW FOR THREE MONTHS, AND FEEL A WELL IN ALL RESPECTS AS I EVER DID.

Your Buche being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice lenic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affect



Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement, he refers to the fol-

hwing gentlemen: Ron. WM, BIGLER, Ex-Governor, Pennsylvania. Hun. THOS. D. FLORENCE, Philadelphia.

Hon. J. C. KNOX, Judge, Philadelphia, Hon. J. S. BLACK, Judge, Philadelphia, Han. D. R. PORTER, Ex-Governor, Pennsylva Hon. ELLIS LEVIS, Judge, Philadelphia. Hon. R. C. GRIER, Judge, United States Court. Hon. G. W. WOODWARD, Judge, Philadelphia.

Hea. W. A. PORTER, City Solicitor, Philadelphia. don. JOHN BIGLER, Ex-Governor, California.

Hen. F. BANKS, Auditor-General, Washington, D. C.



HELMBOLD'S Genuine Preparations Fluid Extract Buchu, Fluid Patrant Sarasparlila and Improved Rose Wash, f Perpand by H. T. HE H. T. HELMEOLD Drugslet and Chemist of 18 years' experience.

And sold at his Brug'and Chemicus Warehouse, No. 264 Breadway,
Mew-York, and by all Drugslits. EUROPE.

News by the Atlantic Cable to the 11th inst.

The Prussian Chamber of Deputies and the Government at Issue on a Financial Question.

AUSTRIA DISARMING

Maximilian to Have a Naval Escort to Europe.

Spain Deprecating the Sudden Withdrawal of the Prench Troops from Mexico.

THE ENGLISH CROPS IN DANGER FROM THE WEATHER.

Turkey About to Establish Diplomatic Relations with the United States.

Pinancial, Commercial, and Marine Intelligence.

OPPOSITION OF THE CHAMBER OF DEPUTIES TO THE AMOUNT OF THE PROPOSED PUBLIC LOAN.

The Committee of the Chamber of Deputies persist in the design of reducing the amount of the loan which the Government asks authority to obtain by the issue of treasury notes from 60,000,000 to 30,000,-

The Minister of Finance has protested in a speech against such a reduction, and expressed the hope that the Chamber would pass the bill in its original form. A VICEROY FOR HANOVER.

A report is current in Governmental circles that the King of Prussia has decided to place the Prince Royal of Prussia over the late Kingdom of Hanover as Vicerey, and that His Highness will soon take up his residence at the Palace in the City of Hanover.

AUSTRIA.

THE ADRIATIC PLEET TO BE DISARMED.

VIENNA, Tuesday morning, Sept. 11, 1866. The Austrian Minister of the Marine has ordered the Adriatic fleet now at Trieste to proceed to Pola and Fiume, the Austrian naval stations, to be dis

CRANGES IN THE NAMES OF REGIMENTS. VIENNA, Monday, Sept. 10-Afternoon

An order has been issued by the Minister of War that the regiments of the Austrian army named after the King and Princes of Prussia, the Duke of Baden, and some others, shall cease to be so named. THE ARMY TO BE PLACED ON A PEACE POOTING.

VIENNA, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1866 A decree has been issued by the Emperor, ordering the whole Austrian army to be placed on a peace

SPAIN.

THE WITEDRAWAL OF THE FRENCH TROOPS FROM MEXICO.

Maduid, Tuesday Morning, Sept. 11, 1866. The Estefette of to-day says that the French troops must be withdrawn from Mexico with the utmost caution, unless amicable relations are previously established with President Juarez.

TURKEY.

A TURKISH EMBASSY AT WASHINGTON.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1866. The Sultan of Turkey, impressed with the importance of being in diplomatic communication with the United States, has decided to establish an embassy at the American Capital. In accordance with this decision, the Sublime Porte is about selecting an influential member of his Government to proceed to Washington as Minister Resident and Plenipotentiary of Turkey.

AMERICAN ARMS IN TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1866. It is reported that in consequence of the successful results of recent trials of American small arms by the Military Commissioners appointed for that purpose by the Porte, that the Turkish army is about to be armed entirely with carbines of American manufacture. Agents of the Government are about to leave for the United States to contract for their manufacture.

THE BASTERN QUESTION.

LONDON, Monday, Sept. 10-Evening. The Eastern question seems to be looming in the ruture. Russia shows signs of moving once more to obtain the control of the Danubian Principalities, and probably eventually of Constantinople.

The Porte has determined to recognize Prince Charles of Hohenzollern as Hospodar of the Princi-

MEXICO.

MAXIMILIAN TO RETURN TO EUROPE IN A WAR STEAMER.

LONDON, Tuesday noon, Sept. 11, 1866.

The Times Paris letter published to-day, says that the Emperor Maximilian is expected to return from Mexico to Europe by war steamer.

ORGANIZATION OF A MEXICAN ARMY.

PARIS, Monday evening, Sept. 10, 1866. Gen. Marquez, Minister to Constantinople, has been recalled, and will go out to Mexico to organize an army for service after the French evacuation of the

THE CROPS.

UNFAVORABLE WEATHER FOR HARVEST. Liverpoot, Tuesday toon, Sept. 11, 1806.
The anxiety as to the British grain crops is increas-

ing. The weather is very wet, and prices are higher in all the markets.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL. LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

LIVERPOOL, Tuesday Noon, Sept. 11-The Cotton Market is quiet but steady. The sales to-day are about 8,000 bales. Midding Uplands are quoted at 13d.

Livenpool. Sept. 11-Evening -Cotton-The market ha ruled steady, with sales to-day of 10,000 bales. Middling Uplands close at 13d.

LIVERPOOL BREADSTUFFS MARKET. LIVERPOOL. Sept. 11—Evening.—Breadstuffs—The market is active and firmer with an advance on all descriptions. The weather is unfavorable for crops. Corn-the market is firmer, and mixed Western American is quoted at 27/9 per quarter Wheat is firm with an advance of 324d, per cental. Flour is also very firm with an advance of id, per barrel,

LIVERPOOL PROVISION MARKET. Livenpoot, Theaday, Sept. 11-evening .- Provisions -- The market is generally steady, except for American Tallow, which NEW-YORK, WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12, 1866.

LONDON MONEY MARKET. LONDON, Tuesday noon, Sept. 11-Consols are quoted Consols close this evening at 894 for

London, Thesday noon, Sept. 11.—The current prices for American securities are as follows: U. S. 5.20s, 72; Eric Railroad shares, 441; Illinois Central shares, 781. AMERICAN SECURITIES.

LONDON, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1866.-The market for American stocks is slightly easier, and quotations at the close of business to-day were as follows: United States 5-20s, 714; Eric Railway Shares, 44; Illinois Central Railway Shares, 78;.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE. ARRIVED OUT.

LONDONDERRY, Tuesday noon, Sept. 11. The steamship Nova Scotia, from Quebec, Sept. 1, strived here this forenoon, and sailed for Liverpool.

THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

DEPARTURE OF THE GREAT EASTERN FOR LIVERPOOF -THE OTHER VESSELS OF THE CABLE PLEET TO LEAVE HEART'S CONTENT TO-DAY-BOTH CABLES WORKING SPLENDIDLY.

'HEART'S CONTENT, Sept. 9, 1866. The Great Eastern left here for Liverpool at 4:30

erner of Newfoundland and Mr. Field for St. Johns. H. M. S. Terrible and the Medway leave here tomorrow morning for the Gulf of St. Lawrence, calling off St. Johns for Mr. Field and Mr. Mackay.

Both of the Atlantic Cables are working splendidly.

THE COUNTRY OVERRUN WITH GUERRILLAS.

NFW-ORLEANS, Sept. 10.—Arrivals from Vera Crus
to the 4th inst, show, in the language of the Crisic of that
place, that no twenty leagues exist in Mexico which are not
traversed by gnerrillas. The Crisic says the only remedy is
destruction,

TWO COLORED MEN SOLD INTO SLAVERY BECAUSE OF

In Clarke County, Ala., on Sunday last, two negroes, who were unable to settle some trifling debt incurred by them before the war, were sold into Slavery, one for \$750 and the other for \$600. Their united debts amounted to \$13 in gold.

LOUSIANIA.

THE REPORTED OUTRAGES UPON NEGROES IN ST. MARY'S DENIED.

NEW-ORLEANS, Sept. 11, 1866 .- The St. Mary's Parish (La.) Banner contains a refutation of the late statement as to outrages upon the negroes in that region. The homi-cides were mostly committed by negroes upon others, and all coases were established to the satisfaction of the loyal bureau officer to be justifiable and answerable.

A CONVENTION OF NATIONAL BANK OFFICERS.

The officers of the N.Y. Tribane. Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1866.
The officers of the National Banks of the North-West
will meet in this city to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.
Many of the delegates have already arrived, and a large
attendance is expected.

A FIGHT WITH BURGLARS. ONE OF THEM SHOT-A POLICEMAN WOUNDED.

Hostor, Sept. 11.—A New-York thief whose name is unknown was shot dead early this morning on Chelsea Beach, where, with two comrades, he was overtaken by Contable Lincott and two other officers who were in pursuit. The thieves drew revolvers, and a fight essued. Officer Lincott was shot badly through the leg, and one of the thieves was killed. The other two excaped. Several thousand dollars worth of silverware and other valuables stolen from subarban residence were recovered.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS ROBBERY.

THE JURY FAIL TO AGREE AND ARE DISCHARGED.

THE JURY FAIL TO AGREE AND ARE DELEGATION.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Trionne.

DANNIER, Cann., Toesday, Sept. 11, 1866.

The jury in the case of the express robbers, after being out three days, came into court this morning and declared their inability to agree, and were discharged. It is understood that they stood fire to seven. Judge Stuart filed a motion to reduce the bail of the prisoners.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

A SILVER VEIN DISCOVERED IN ARKANSAS-DISCOV-

A SILVER VEIN DISCOVERED IN ARKANSAS—DISCOVERY OF LEAD IN LOUISIANA.

Special Dispatch to The N. Y. Tribunes.

Cincago, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1866.

In Western Arkansas a silver vein has been struck, which for several days, yielded 80 pounds daily, then became exhausted. The owners are trying to find a continuance of the vein, where it is believed the metal can be found in fabulous quantities.

A mining company in Northern Louisiana on Friday struck a solid block of pure lead weighing 33 tuns. Other large blocks were found at a distance of 11 feet below the surface of the ground.

WRECK OF THE BARK ADA G. YORK.

PORTLAND, Me., Sept. 11.—The bark Ada G. York, from New-Orleans for Liverpool, with a cargo of cotion, was wrecked on Sable Island on the 17th of August. Part of her cargo, salls and rigging were saved, and the authorities were making exertions to save the remainder. The crew arrived at Heilfar yesterday. She was owned in Portland and was partially insured.

MURDER IN FRANKFORT-ST.

A MAN SHOT ON HIS OWN STEPS-INVESTIGATION BY THE CORONER.

The body of Frederick Fitzenmeyer, a German boarding at the Hotel de Lyon, No. 51 Frankfort-st., was found early yesterday morning lying in front of the above house, shot

early yesterday morning lying in front of the above house, shot through the head. The investigation of the police revealed the following facts: On Monday evening the deceased, Charles Heminger, John Pickett, and Leonard Fay, who boarded in the house, visited several saicons together. They returned about 11 o'clock but Fitzenmeyer insisted on going out again. His friends at the hotel saw no more of him until after his death.

At about 1 o'clock Officer Taggart of the Fourth Precinct heard a pistol-shot, but could not learn from whence it proceeded. In a short time Officer Byrnes of the beame Precinct, while patrolling his beat, discovered the apparently lifeless form of Fitzenmeyer lying on the front steps of the boarding-house. The body was still warm, but the man was unconsolous and in a dying condition. Before he could be taken to the Station-House life was extinct. An examination was made, and it was found that he had been shot back of the left ear, the brain.

bail taking an upward direction and lodging in the base of the brain.

The police having learned that John Pickett, Leonard Fay, and Charles Heminger had been at the Atlantic Garden in the Bowery, with deceased, took them in custody on suspicion of having been concerned in the murder. The prisoners said they were innocent, and declared that they had not left the house after returning at 11 o'clock in the evening.

Yesterday afternoon Coroner Naumann held an inquest on the body of Fitzenmeyer, but the evidence failed to clear up the mystery in which the murder is exveloped.

John Smith testified that he kept a lager beer saloon at No. 4 James-st.; on Monday night deceased and four companions visited his place and played bagatelle; one of the party was intoxicated and quarreled with a sailor; desensed was not quarrelsome; they left about 11:15 o'clock.

James Campbell testified that he called on Fay on Monday night when four of the boarders went out with him; they visited several saloons; one of the party had a pistol, but the witness could not tell which one.

Margaret Messier testified that she lived at No. 52 Frankfort-st., opposite where deceased boarded; between 1 and 2 oclock she heard a noise on the street.

witness could not tell which one.

Margaret Messler testified that she lived at No. 52 Frankfort-st., opposite where deceased boarded; between 1 and 2 o'clock she heard a noise on the street, said in a few moments she heard the report of a pisto; she looked out and saw a man run up Frankfort-st. toward Cliff-st., on the same side of the street where deceased was found; at the same time she heard greaning and meaning.

Catharine Holland, living at No. 50 Frankfort-st., testified that she was looking out of her window early yesterday morning and faw deceased have hold of the handle of his door, she asaw three young men come out of the basement of No. 52 Frankfort-st., opposite where deceased was; they ran over to bim, and when they got there she saw deceased fail on the railing; they then all ran up Frankfort-st, toward Pearl.

Leonard Fay, who was with deceased on the night of the murder, testified that he did not have a pisto; that night.

Catharine Friend testified that she lives at No. 52 ames-st.; she was present when the party came into the place on Monday night; she saw a pisto in the hands of Fay; he said that he always carried it.

Several other witnesses were examined, but no additional facts were cheixed, except that when the police visited the boarding house after taking the body of Fitzenmeyer to the Station-House, Fay, Pickett and Heminger were in bed at their rooms. The case having been given to the jury, the following verdict was rendered. "That Frederick Fitzenmeyer came to his death by a pistoj shot wound in the head, and from the evidence we think at the heads of Leonard Fay, and we think that John Pickett and Charles Heminger were secomplices to the stocting."

The Coroner committed the prisoners to the Tombs to await the shooting."

The Coroner committed the prisoners to the Tomba to await the action of the Grand Jury. Fitzenmeyer was 21 years of age. He had served four years in the war, and was honorably discharged. It is said that he was a quiet, ineffensive young map.

THE DEMOCRATIC STATE CONVENTION.

Only a Tempurary Organization Elfected Yesterday.

DIX'S CHANCES FOR GOVERNOR PROBABLY

The Maine Election Lessens the Democratic Opinion of the Strength of Johnson Republicans.

SCENES AND INCIDENTS IN ALBANY LAST EVENING

SCENES AND INCIDENTS PRIOR TO THE MEETING. special Dispetch to The N. Y. Tribune

The Convention assembled at noon in Tweddle Hall. The floor of the hall was crowded with delegates, there ors, most of whom were roughs from New-York City and Brooklyn. Last night's boat brought up a large dele gation of these roughs, who always honor Democratic Conven tion with their presence. They could not be together ten hours without quarreling, and the consequence was there were several fights on board the boat during her passage up the river. These fighting characters are the champions of the river. Insee ignting constructs momination, Mayor Hoffman and Senator Henry C. Murphy. Murphy's friends hall from Brooklyn and the Mayor's from New-York City. All the hotess being crowded to excess, those arriving late had to spend the night as best they could, which they did in drinking whisky and cheering for Hoffman and Murphy. Cancussing in the pariers and lobbics was kept up to a late hour. The Maine election was thoroughly discussed, but as no news of the result had arrived at midnight, all were sangulue of large Democratic gains. Bets were made that at least one Democratic candidate for Congress would be elected. How aston from Maine! Not only no Democratic Congressmen, but large

from Maine! Not only no Democratic Congressmen, but large Radical gains. There was some tail swearing and long faces. The result of this election will have a good deal of effect on the action of the Conventior. The news is a bitter pill to Weed and Prays, and made them look conscience-stricken at the breakfast table this morning, yet they have gathered courage, and hope to have the Convention nominate their man for dovernor. They take the result of the Maine election as a strong argument in favor of the nomination of a fierce man like Dix, for Governor. Weed's men were out this morning, running around among the delegates, urging Dix upon the Convention as the only kope of success for the new Copperhead and office holding Republican party.

At 12 o'clock Peter Cagger, Dean Richmond's successor as chief of the wire-pullers and convention managers, called the Convention of new particula to order, and proposed Sandford E. Church of Orleans County as temporary Chairman of the Convention. James Kelley of New-York City, the patriotic Postmaster, who holds his office out of true friendship for the good of the country, and not for "bread and butter," as valgar Republicans assert, and Francis Kearano of Oneida County were selected as the men to conduct Mr. Church to the Chair. After Mr. Church had been carefully placed in his seat by Kelley and Kearanh em made a short address to the assembled flock, calling it the noblest, largest and most intellectual political body ever assembled. At his mention of the name of Audrew Johnson as the greatest patriot and statesman of this or any other age, there was loud cheering. When Church had finished, two Secretaries were appointed, one of whom was the irrepressible Perriue of Queens. Perriue was one of the Secretaries at the Philadelphia (Aug. 14) Convention, with Felix McClosky as Sergeant st-Arms. Felix is here, but declines setting in his sund capacity, stating that only first-class shows receive his services. Felix, like Weed and Marble, is only an outside worker. Slocum is his

ner, were anxious to have matters rushed through. Before Tilden finished his speech it was I o'clock.

THE RECESS.

The two hours recess were occupied in eating dinner and comparing notes on the chances of the different candidates mentioned for Governor.

THE MAINE ELECTION AND ITS EFFECTS.

At noon THE TRIBUNE arrived, containing its appoints from

mentioned for Governor.

At noon The Tribune arrived, containing its specials from the Maine election, showing the immense gain of the Radical Republicans. This was indeed paintal news, and, together with the chilly rain that has been falling incessantly to-day, made the new Conservative, patriotic Copperhead Democracy and office-holding Republican Convention feel very badly. The outsiders cursed and damned the Maine Yankees and swore they would never contribute another cent to the Portland fund. The Maine election was the chief topic of conversation at the dinner-table and many were the excuses, but none had the power of consoling. Weed and Pruyn were called upon to give an account of the Republicans who are Johnsonians, and they responded by saying that things were not fixed in Maine, and riving a promise of enough votes in New-York State to deleat Fenton. This don't please the knowing Democrats, and they openly assert that the influence of Weed, Pruyn and Raymond don't amount to anything. So the result of the Maine election, instead of overawing the Democrats to support a conservative policy, has rather incessed them to an increased support of one of their own men. In fact, a large number of ultra Democrats threaten a bolt if Dix, or one of his stripe, is nominated. The strength of the Slocum or Seymour party was developed in the afternoon session.

Dir. or one of his stripe, is nominated. The strength of the Slocum or Beymour party was developed in the afternoon session.

At 4 o'clock the Convention met, and after the reading of a long letter from one Morris Frankin to the members, a motion to adjourn over till morning was put, but voted down almost unanimously, the outsiders in the galleries helping to vote no. Notwithstanding this, the Chairman, Mr. Church, declared the Convention adjourned.

A DEMOCRATIC SCENE.

Here followed a scene of great confusion. It is the same cld story of Democratic rows. Several delegates rose to protest against Mr. Church's ruling, and he attempted to explain, but just as he was about addressing the crowd Felix McClosky came out of one of the committee rooms, hollocing McClosky came out of one of the committee rooms, hollocing McClosky came out of one of the committee rooms, hollocing the Church and gave him a wink, as Church immediately put on his hat and left the stage. Here another scene of great disorder and confusion ensued, nearly all the delegates present rising to their feet, some calling on one man to take the chair and others on some one else. The outsiders and roughs soon gathered in on the floor and commeaced damning Church, and missting on another Convention. The hall was like a perfect Bedlam. After several benches had been upset and an apple man's basket overturned, Surrogate Tucker, the center of a large throng, mounted a chair and proposed "Three cheers for John Hoffman." These were given with a will by his group. Then followed taree cheers for Henry C. Murply." A Dix man then proposed three cheers for Gen. Slocum, nearly all present responded. This was considered an indication of the outside pressure. This confusion lasted for some twenty minutes, when a delegate named Nivins called on one of the State Executive Committee to call the Convention to order again. This did not succeed, however, and it was only when Senator Shafer and Shany, a meeting, but didn't succeed, the men on the fleor saying. "D—n the ma

THE PROSPECTS OF THE DIFFERENT CANDIDATES.

The lobbies of the Delavan House present a lively appearance to night. The drizeling rain makes it unpleasant eithout, and all seek shelter within. The abrupt termination of the afternoon session of the Convention has caused a goodly amount of talk, especially among the outsiders, or lookers on. Each of the persons spoken of as the candidate for Governor has a party of these outsiders to put forth his claims in the lobbies and bar-rooms of the hotels. These outsides cannot understand the movements of the party leaders, and their every movement is watched and commented on accordingly. Some say the adjourning of the Convention was to give the Committee on Resolutions—a or organization—time to report, but others permanent assert that the outside pressure for certain candidates was becoming so great that fears of a break of the slate as fixed up in caucus might result from hasty action. This latter probably is the true reason. The Maine elections are being fully discussed by the unterrified. John B. Haskin and Judge Barnard arrived late last night or rather early this morning Haskin and Barnard were full of fun and mischief when they ar-

rived, but when Cagger and Tilden showed them a telegram from Raymond about the result of the Maine election their mirth soon disappeared and matters took a serious turn with them. Raymond about the result of the Maine election their mirth soon disappeared and matters took a serious turn with them. Haskin is only an alternate delegate. He prefers keeping behild the seenes, as it exists and Church form a strong ring, and will evidently have the chief say. Things look to aight as though either Gen. Dix or Mayor Hoffman will be the successful candidate for Governor, with Comstock or Prayn for Lieutenant-Governor. The Johnson Republicans, headed by Weed and Pruyn, have been working assiduously for Dix, and the Dix outsiders assert that he will be the nominee of the party. The Hoffman party, however, are equally sanguine, but it is evident their outside pressures give them most of their hig show. Notwithstanding Dix stock is highest to nisht, the Slocum party is still slive and working quietly. All the regular, genuine Democrats, it is said, favor Slocum. Horatio Seymour is said to be Slocum's friend. The Slocum men allude to the fact of Gen. Dix's name being hissed in the Convention this afternoon, and say they will bott if such an "old fence" fossil lite Dix is fastened on them. They want a straight-out Democrat, and no emergency now will shatter their purpose. It is said that these Slocum men will compromise, and take John B. Haskin as their nominee, with Francis Keirnan of Oneids as Lieutenant-Governor. According to the looks among the outsiders to-night, no definite conclusion as to a candidate has yet been arrived at, however. The indications inside among the managers are that Dix will be the map, with Comstock as his Lieutenant-Governor. According to the looks among the managers are that Dix will be the map, with Comstock as his Lieutenant-Governor. According to the looks among the managers are that Dix will be the map, with Comstock as his Lieutenant-Governor. According to the looks among the managers are that Dix will be the map, with Comstock as his Lieutenant-Governor. According to the looks among the managers are that Dix will be the map, with Comstock as his Lieutenant-Governor. A

delegations to-day is considered a victory for the Slocum party.

THE RESOLUTIONS.

There has been some little squabbling over the resolutions, Marble pestering the Committee with some of his editorials as planks for the platform. The resolutions will be something similar to those made by Haskin, on a which Slocum was defeated with all the improvements rendered necessary by the Philadelphia lith of August Convention. Congress will be denounced as a corrupt and dangerous body, filled with "traitors" and "disunionists," equaled by none, not even Jeff. Davis or Lee. President Johnson will be pronunced a stateman and patriot, although he may be humble and undignified, and his policy will be called wise, good, and the only policy the Democratic party can inderse. Weed is trying to get a resolve complimenting Mr. Seward in among the resolutions. He is likely to succeed, although McMasters and others think they still hear the tap of that "little bell." Nothing will be said about the New Orleans or Memphis riote, except they may be charged as the results of Radicalism. The Southern Loyal Convention will be denounced, and no one but Copperheads, Rebels and rengade Republicans praised.

Whisky has been flowing very freely this evening, and the consequence is a good deal of noise and excitement. John Morrissey is here, and is working hard for Gen. Slocum. Weed's room has been crowded all evening. He seems to gain more pipularity as the time fiee. Cagger, Church and Tilden shur him still.

THE MINOR FOSTIONS ON THE HICKET.

The excitement about the Gubernatorial contest is so great that very little is said about the postitors of Prison Inspector Canal Commissioner. All depend on who is nominated for Governor.

ENEW-YORK CITY DELEGATIONS.
Only the Tammany delegation will be admitted to-morrow.

THE NEW-YORK CITY DELEGATIONS

THE SCHNES IN THE HOTELS.

It is now nearly midnight, and the hotel lobbies are getting thinned out. All the sofas and reading-room tables, chairs and floors are filled with sleepy men who came too late to get even cots. The bar-room is still crowded, with little prospect of being emptied before morning. Cheers for Andy Johnson, John T. Hoffman and the Democratic party are being given with a will. Peor Johnson! If those cheers could only have been transferred to Indianapolis how much more agreeable it would have been.

OPENING PROCEEDINGS. ALBANY, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1866.

By noon Tweddle Hall was crowded with delegates and spectators. The hall and stage were tastefully decorated Soon after 12 o'clock the Convention was called to order by

Peter Cagger, Secretary of the State Committee, on whose mo of Orleans was chosen temporary chairman. Francis Kernan of Oseida and James Kelly of New-York were appointed to conduct the chairman to the stage,

ADDRESS OF THE TEMPOBARY PRESIDENT. tion, his remarks being frequently interrupted by applause.

tion, his remarks being frequently interrupted by applause. He said:

Gentlemen of the Convention: I beg leave to return you my sincere thanks for the bonor you have conferred upon me, by electing me to preside temporarily over your deliberations pending the important political contest in which you have assembled. It involves the question whether the Constitution is to be the future guide of the Republic, or whether the country is to drift along without chart or compasses, governed only by the caprice, or passion, or far attoism of an accidental Congressional majority. [Cheers.] It involves the question whether we are to have Union and peace, or dis-union, and anarchy, and despotism. [Cheers.] Whether all the sacrifices of olcod and treasure to preserve the Union have been made in value or are to be lest forever. (Cheers.] In a word, it involves the perpetuity of free government, with all its priceless blessings. (Cheers.) I us such a contest I need not say, it is the duty of all good men to unite in cordial fraternity, regardless of previous political relations. (Cheers.) Personal ambition and jealousy should be laid asted in view of an imperiled country [cheers,] and who-Its report goes forth to the public it will be sure to receive the approval and ratification of the vast majority of the people of the Empira State. (Loud cheering.)

Mr. Lansing moved that Mr. E. O. Perrin and Mr. Smith of Washington be appointed temporary Secretaries; which was carried.

CONTESTING DELEGATIONS.

carried.

CONTESTING DELEGATIONS.

The roll of delegates was then called, and it appeared that the several county delegations were trult. From Schuyler and Richmond there were double delegations, divided between Democrate and Conservative Republicans. It was announced that these delegates had agreed among themselves how their votes were to be cast.

Mr. J. T. Springs moved that the regular Democratic organization of Kings County, recognised as such by the last State Convention, be now recognised as the only regular Democratic organization in that County, and that the delegation beaded by Mr. McCae be admitted. On this motion he moved the previous question, which was ordered, and the motion was put and declared carried.

Mr. A. C. Neven of Sullivan presented a paper signed by Michael Connoity, Chairman, and Authony Miller and John Hardy, Secretaries, claiming that their delegation is the regularly elected delegation from New-York; complaining that the State Committee had sought to forestall the action of the Convention by refusing them tickets of admission to the Hall; and demanding their recognition. The paper was referred to the Committee on Organization.

Mr. A. H. Green of Quondaga moved the appointment of a Committee of Two from each Judicial District on Permanent Organization, which was carried.

Mr. A. B. Conger of Rockiand moved the appointment of a similar Committee to report resolutions, which was carried. The following Committees were then announced by the Chairmans:

On Organization.—First District: Emanuel B. Hart, Thos.

Chairmas:
ON ORGANIZATION.—First District: Emanuel B. Hart, Thos,
E. Stewart. Second: Ambrose Wager, Caivin E. Pratt.
Third: Charles Holmes, Gideon Reynolds, Fourth: J. W.,
Verder, A. B. Waldo. Fifth: Andrew H. Green, Max. Richardson. Sixth: D. P. Dey, S. T. Smith. Seventh: J. E.
Jones, C. F. Backus. Eighth: Silas E. Davis, Robert
Fisher.

Jones, C. F. Backus. Eighth: Slins E. Davis, Robert Fisher.

ON RESOLUTIONS.—First District: A. C. Hall, A. Wakeman. Second: A. B. Conger, Honier A. Nelson. Third: Thomas B. Carroll, Iras Shafer. Fourt: Daniel Magone, Henry Daan. Fifth: Mauris Kernan, Clinton H. Soge. Sixth: Henry D. Barto. O. Porter. Seventh: H. O. Cheesbro, S. P. Allen. Eighth: Judson W. Sherman, W. E. Fargo.

RESOLUTIONS ON THE DEATH OF DEAN RICHMOND.

A. H. Green offered the following, with brief remarks culogistic of the deceased:

Watersus, Dean Richmond, acknowledged leader of his party, and su eminent and patriotic citizen, has, by the mysterious providence of God. heen suddealy removed from sunong us, and it is fit hat soliable expression we made of our grief for his loss and respect for his character; therefore.

Resolved, That the members of this Convention and the great party which it represents, deeply and sincerely mourn the death of Dean Richmond, who seemed the personal friend of each of them, and that they will cherish a grateful remembrance of his life, character and services.

services.

Resolved, That the great abilities of the lamented deceased, his sagacity as a public couns-lior, his spirit, enterprise and benevolence as
a citizen, his wo th as a man, his fidelity as a triend, his fervent
patriotism, and true attachment to the Constitution and the Union,
will descreedly secure for him the lasting memory and esteem of the

State, which was the especia scene of an parised absolute quested to publish the same.

ADDRESS OF MR. TILDEN ON THE DEATH OF MR. RICHMOND. On motion of Thomas B. Carroll, Samuel J. Tiden of New-York was unanthously invited to address the Convention on the aubject of the resolution.

Mr. Tiden appeared on the stage, eliciting loud applause, and spoke at considerable longth apon the character of the deceased, and reviewing the grand issues before the country, in which, he said, Mr. Richmond feit so deep an interest.

The resolutions were adopted unanimously, the members rising to their feet.

A RECESS.

rising to their feet.

A. O. Niven moved a reconsideration of the vote in regard to the Kings County delegation, and a delegate from New-York moved to by the motion on the table; which was carried, and the Convention took a recess until 4 p. m.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

ALBANY, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 1896.

On the reassembling of the Convention, a letter, written by Morris Franklin of Flushing, Queen's County, was read by the Secretary. The letter inderies the policy of the President, deprecates the course of Congress, and arges the Convention to harmonious and patriotic action.

The President stated that he was informed by the Committee on Resolutions that they would not be ready to report before to morrow morning.

NEW-JERSEY LEGISLATURE.

Ratification of the Constitutional Amendment.

An Election for United States Senator Next Week.

A. G. CATTELL NOMINATED BY THE REPUBLICANS

THE SENATE.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock this morning. A message was received from the House of Assembly announc-ing that the House had passed the joint resolution to ratify the Constitutional amendment, and asking the concurrence of the

rganized by demagogues.

The Senate adjourned to 3 o'elock.
On the reassembling of the Senate, the Constitutional mendment was again taken up.

Mr. Winfield concluded his speech against the ratification of

saying that it ought to be submitted to the people.
Senator Wirts condemned the action of the Governor in
convening the Legislature in extra session.
Senator Buckley replied briefly defending the Governor,
and giving his beartiest support to the amendment.
Senator Rechey closed the debate.
The joint resolution ratifying the Constitutional Amendment was then put upon its passage. It was passed by the
following vote:

following vote:

Yaza-Masers Acton, Blackman, Buckley, Cobb, Horner, Ludlam,
Reeves, Richey, Scovel, Ware, and Wright-11.

Naya-Masers. Daier, Doughty, Grier, Konnedy, Little, Martin,
Robins, Trudell, Winfield, and Wurts-10.

The result of the vote was announced smid a storm of Adjourned to Monday next at 8 o'clock p. m.

Adjourned to Monday next at 8 o'clock p. m.

THE HOUSE.

The House met at 11 o'clock. Fifty-two members answered to their names. After the reading of the uninutes of yesterday's session, Mr. Condit of Essex, offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That we do not during our present session, entertais my hill in reference to any subject not embraced in or recommended by the Governor's message.

The resolution was agreed to—Yeas 42, Nays 15.
On motion of Mr. Custis of Camden, the vote by which the bill entitled "An act to facilistate the time and manner of appelluting Senators of the United States on the part of this State," was ordered to a second reading, was reconsidered, and the said bill was referred to the Committee on Judiciary. The Committee on Engrossed Bills resported the joint resolution entitled "Resolution ratifying the Amendment of the Constitution of the United States."

Mr. Abbott of Hudson offered the following resolution: Resolved. That the question of the election of a United States Senator be indefinitely postponed.

The resolution was not surreed to.

Mr. Abbott offered the following resolution:

Resolved. That the following be referred to the Alterney-General of the State for his legal opinion thateon: Can this Lexislature, under the set entitled "An set to regulate the times and manner of helding election for Senators in Cougress," passed July 24, 1806, elect United States Senator?

Mr. Abbott defended the resolution by quite a long argument, in which he affirmed that the law prescribes that a Senator shall be elected by the Legislature chosen next preceding such election, and that this was not such a Legislature, and he believed that the election of a Senator at this extra session would be illegal.

A long debate ensued upon the spirit and letter of the law, after which a rote was taken, and the resolution was not agreed to by 24 Yeas to 34 Nays.

Mr. Whose of Hunterdon moved that the consideration of the Constitutional Amendment be postponed until the next session. The Democratic memb

ceted.

The joint resolution ratifying the Constitutional Amendment was then taken up, read a third time and passed by the Following vote:
Yasa-Messra, Anderson, J. F., Ayres, Bensiey, Blauvelt, Bodwell,
Clark, Coate, Cole, Condit, Croser, Coatle, Dickseen, Edwards, Falkenbury, Fisher, Fort, Garrison, Green, Hays, Hill (speaker), Jarrard, Lathrop, Moere, Morris, Murphy, Nicholson, Nizon, Ramey,
Staats, Terhune, Tyrell, Van Wagoner, Wilson, W. D., Welseiffer-

Nata-Messr. Abbett. Bowne Crane. Davenport. Demarest, Ful. mer. Laring. Heagland. Holmes. Hiff. W. M., Hiff. W. J., Lee, Perriae, Price, Rah, Schenck. Taylor, Thompson, Ward, White-Willever, Wilson, R. H., Yowger, Young-24.

This was strictly a party vote. The announcement of the vote caused great enthusiasm, the Republican members of the House and the friends of the amendment among the spectators most heartily applicating.

Adjourned to 3 o'clock p. m.
At the afternoon session Messrs. Lathrop. Yowrer, Falkenhers, Fulman and Nickson were appointed a Committee to investigate charges of bribery and corruption against certain members of the House, to report on Tuesday next.

Adjourned to Monday next at 8 o'clock, p. m.
The joint resolutions ratifying the Constitutional Amendment were submitted to Gov. Ward soon after their pussage by both houses, and were immediately approved.

The Republican members of the Legislature held a joint eaucus this moraing in the Chamber of the Assembly. After some discussion, it was unanimously voted that Mr. Accander, of Cantell of Camden, be the nomines of the Republican members in the pending election for United States Sonator.

Mr. Scovel was present at the cancus and made an explanation of his recent political course. He stated that he never had believed that the expulsion of Sonator Stockton was warranted by law. But in the present peril of the country be thought it his duty not to stand in the way of the great Republican party of New Jersey and the whole country. At so time bad he thought of deserting the principles of the Republican party. If his course had been involved in error, it was an error of judgment slone.

This explanation was received with tokens of approval. A member from Passaic County moved that Mr. Scovel be received with open arms back into the Republican party, to which he rightfinkly belonged, which motion prevailed by a unanimous vote.

A committee was appointed to draft resolutions condemning the policy of Andrew Johnson and approving the course of Congress. This committee will soon report, and jaint resolutions of the nature above indicated will be introduced into both Heuses.

orrow morning. Ira Shafer of Albany moved that the Convention adjourn

till 10 o'clock to-merrew merning.

The question was put, and the President declared the motion | both Houses.